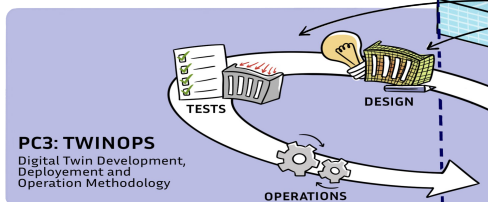
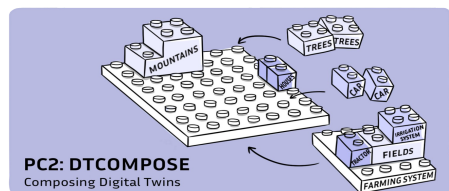
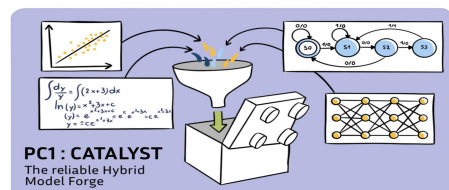


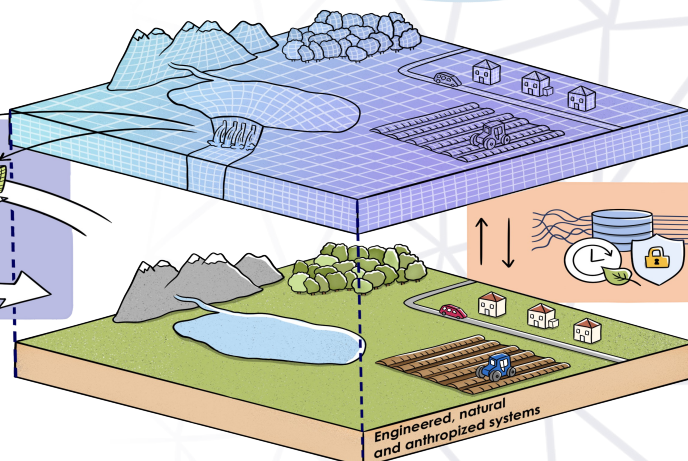


PC1: Catalyst

The Reliable Hybrid Model forge



PC5: GENUINE
Engineering Human-Digital Twin Interactions



DIGITAL TWIN

PC4: SYNCHRONIC
Smart and Sustainable SYNCHRONization for Reliable Digital Coupling and Infrastructure

PHYSICAL TWIN

Participating Partners:



External Partners:



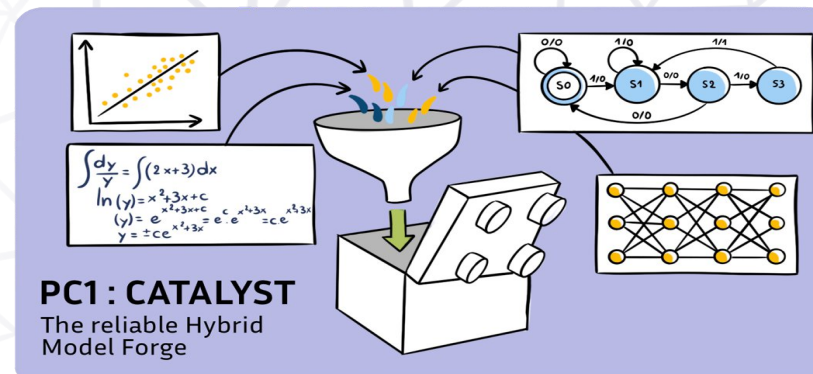
→ 25 Participants Enrolled so far



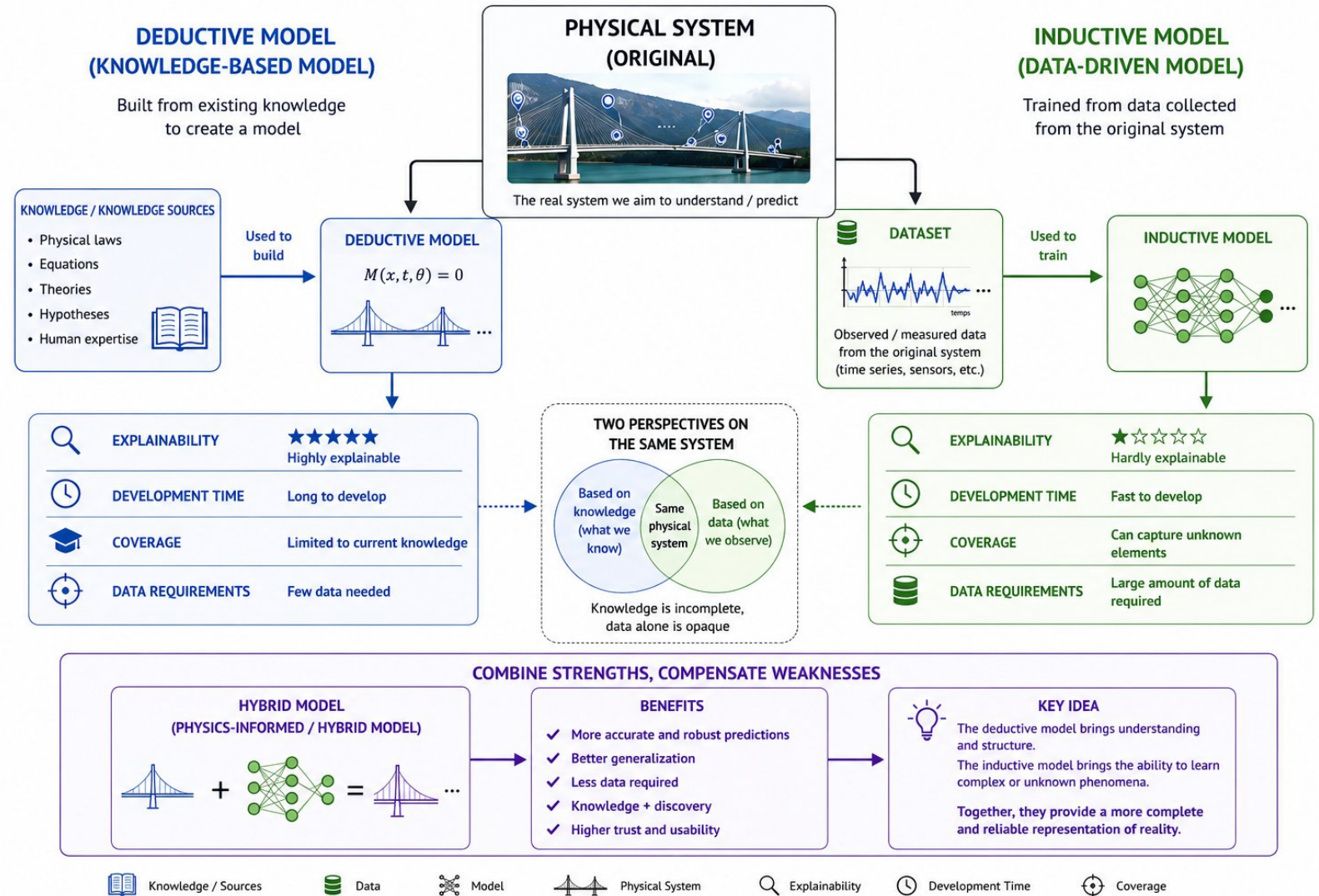
Models in DT

A Digital Twin is an organized and intricate set of digital models representing an intended or actual “original” object or system throughout its lifecycle.

- where a model may serve as a substitute for the represented asset when addressing specific questions.



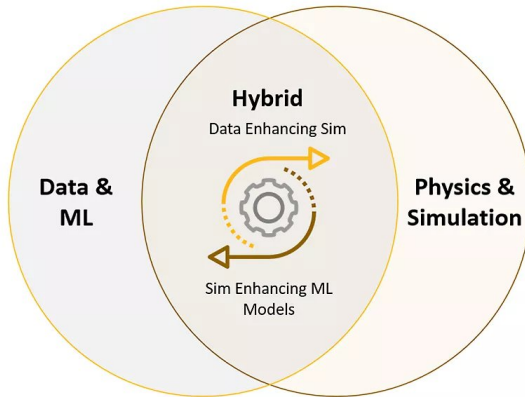
(hybrid) Models in DT



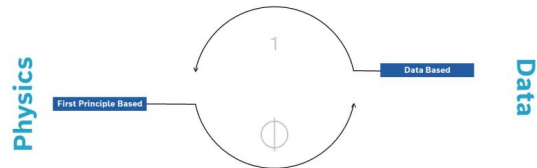


(hybrid) Models in DT

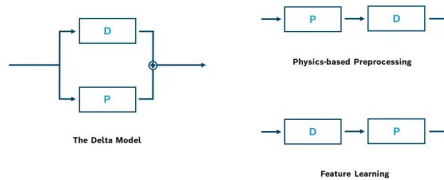
Ansyes



What is Hybrid Modeling?

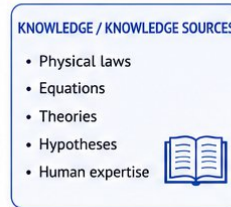


Hybrid Modeling Design Patterns



DEDUCTIVE MODEL (KNOWLEDGE-BASED MODEL)

Built from existing knowledge to create a model



Used to build

DEDUCTIVE MODEL

$$M(x, t, \theta) = 0$$

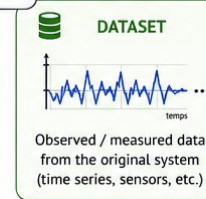
PHYSICAL SYSTEM (ORIGINAL)



The real system we aim to understand / predict

INDUCTIVE MODEL (DATA-DRIVEN MODEL)

Trained from data collected from the original system

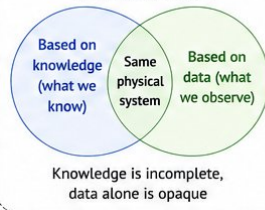


Used to train

INDUCTIVE MODEL

EXPLAINABILITY	★★★★★ Highly explainable
DEVELOPMENT TIME	Long to develop
COVERAGE	Limited to current knowledge
DATA REQUIREMENTS	Few data needed

TWO PERSPECTIVES ON THE SAME SYSTEM



EXPLAINABILITY	☆☆☆☆☆ Hardly explainable
DEVELOPMENT TIME	Fast to develop
COVERAGE	Can capture unknown elements
DATA REQUIREMENTS	Large amount of data required

COMBINE STRENGTHS, COMPENSATE WEAKNESSES

HYBRID MODEL (PHYSICS-INFORMED / HYBRID MODEL)

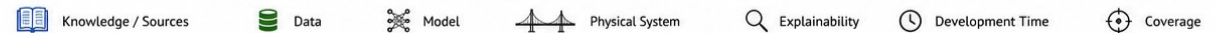


BENEFITS

- ✓ More accurate and robust predictions
- ✓ Better generalization
- ✓ Less data required
- ✓ Knowledge + discovery
- ✓ Higher trust and usability

KEY IDEA

The deductive model brings understanding and structure.
The inductive model brings the ability to learn complex or unknown phenomena.
Together, they provide a more complete and reliable representation of reality.



Bosch

Reality of (hybrid) Models in DT

Behind the scenes, hybrid modeling suffers from

- [⚙️] Technical heterogeneity across models
- [👥] Inconsistent modeling practices and skill sets
- [🔧] Manual, ad hoc hybridization approaches
 - [?] Limited transparency in the rationale
 - [⚡] Hidden but critical design and dimensioning choices
 - [≈] Benefits that are difficult to characterize (at least a priori)
 - [#] Extensive technical hard-coding

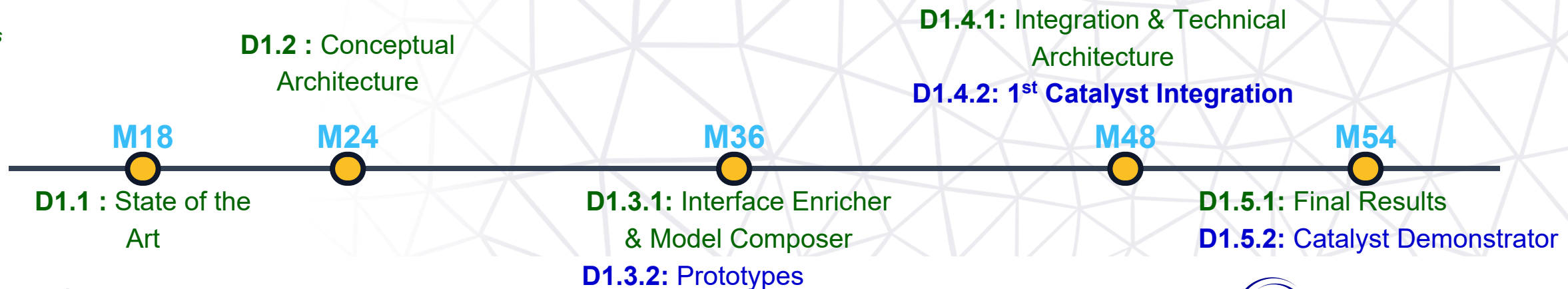
Project Implementation, the one slide

Three Cohesive work packages, driven by eight PhD thesis, all co-advised amongst the ten partners, with at least three common use cases.

→ **multi-fidelity** and **uncertainty** addressed throughout.

- WP 1: Interface for Hybridization(s)
- WP 2: Hybridization and Federation Operators
- WP 3: Interface and Composition Analysis

Documents
Software



Project Implementation

Three Cohesive work packages, driven by **eight PhD thesis**, all **co-advised** amongst the **ten partners**, with at least three **common use cases**.

→ **multi-fidelity** and **uncertainty** addressed throughout.

➤ WP 1: Interface for Hybridization(s)

Leader: UPPA

Partners: Inria (DiverSE, Hycomes, Kairos), UniCA, INRAE, Telecom Paris (ACES)

Objectives:

- Standardize the manipulation and characterization of heterogeneous models
- Ensure homogeneous and automatic reasoning while preserving model specificity

Key Tasks:

- Create structured metadata for model management
- Provide functional and extra-functional interfaces for hybridization
- Enable model mutation and adaptation capabilities

➤ WP 2: Hybridization and Federation Operators

➤ WP 3: Interface and Composition Analysis



Project Implementation

Three Cohesive work packages, driven by **eight PhD thesis**, all **co-advised** amongst the **ten partners**, with at least three **common use cases**.

→ **multi-fidelity** and **uncertainty** addressed throughout.

➤ WP 1: Interface for Hybridization(s)

➤ WP 2: Hybridization and Federation Operators

Leader: Kairos (Inria)

Partners: DiverSE (Inria), INRAE, IRIT/ACADIE (CNRS), Telecom Paris (LabSoc)

Objectives:

- Identify and formalize structural and behavioral hybridization patterns
- Replace ad-hoc processes with systematic hybridization operators

Key Tasks:

- Elicit and formalize operators for simulation workflows
- Define operators for model hybridization

➤ WP 3: Interface and Composition Analysis



Project Implementation

Three Cohesive work packages, driven by **eight PhD thesis**, all **co-advised** amongst the **ten partners**, with at least three **common use cases**.

→ **multi-fidelity** and **uncertainty** addressed throughout.

- WP 1: Interface for Hybridization(s)
- WP 2: Hybridization and Federation Operators

➤ WP 3: Interface and Composition Analysis

Leader: Telecom Paris (LabSoc)

Partners: Inria (DiverSE, Hycomes), CNRS IRIT (ACADIE), UPPA, CEA (LITEN), UniCA, Univ. Toulouse (Aniti), Univ. Toulouse Jean Jaurès (IRIT/SM@RT)

Objectives:

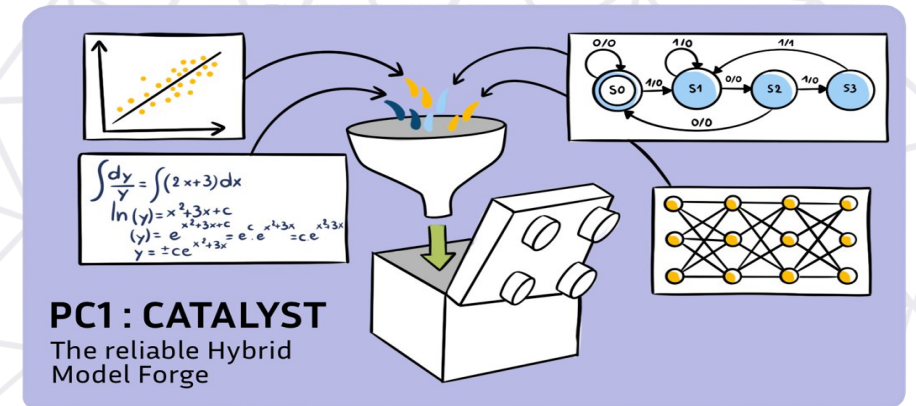
- Provide analysis of models, interfaces, and hybridization operators

Key Tasks:

- Analyze models to enrich their interfaces
- Identify synergies and hybridization opportunities across interfaces
- Analyze hybridization operators to improve resulting model interfaces

Current Status

- Virtual Kick-off held in May
- In-person Kick-off planned for late of summer
- PhD thesis:
 - 2 Active (started),
 - 3 Starting in October
 - 1 Pending (likely starting in October)
 - 2 Under active recruitment.



Catalyst extra Slides

- Thesis list and status
- Envisionned Common Use Cases



Catalyst research focuses (PhD subjects)

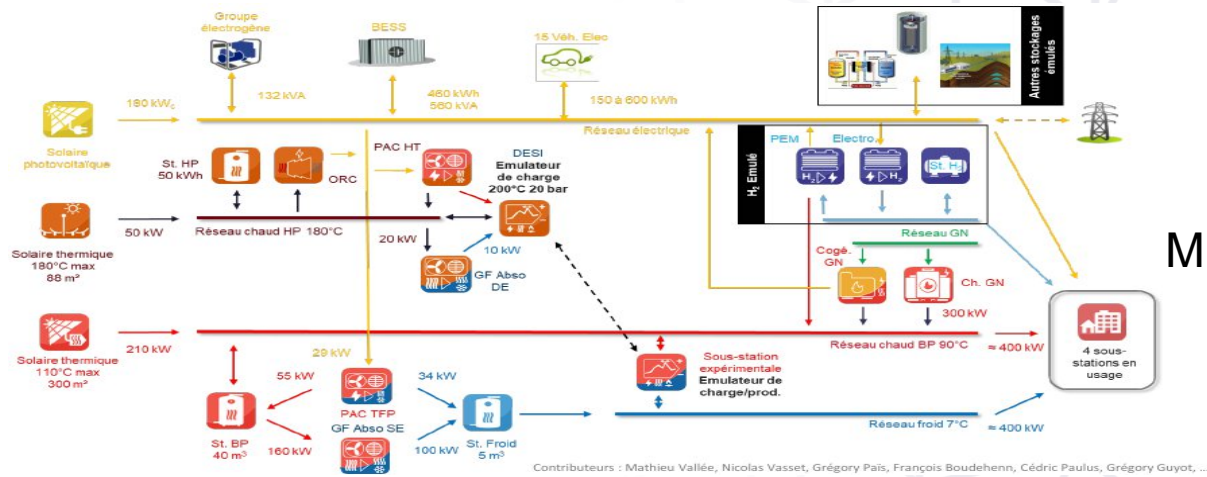
- Smart Scenario Exploration for Digital Twins through Validity Envelopes
- Explainable and Traceable Hybrid Model Management for Digital Twins
- Model Hybridization in Digital Twins for Mechanical Engineering *
** financée par un accord bi latéral avec le CETIM*
- Compositional Hybrid Digital Twins for Fermented Microbial Ecosystems
- Formal Engineering Methods for Digital Twin Development
- Interpretable and Robust Machine Learning for Physics-Based Numerical Simulations
- Structural Methods for Mixed Model/Data Digital Twin Engineering
- Distributed Abductive Reasoning for Self-Explaining Digital Twins

Thèse Commencée
Candidat·e trouvé·e
Candidats potentiels



Uses cases

- Still open ; should federate all of us.
JNEM - thermal-hydraulic loop



Multi-Energy System

FermenTwin

